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The Bulletin's Circulation in Norwich is Double That of Any Other Paper, and Its Total Circulation is the Largest in Connecticut in Proportion to the City's Population.

GERMANS SINK TWO BRITISH WARSHIPS

Berlin Announces That the British Steamer King Stephen Was Sunk and Her Crew Captured

A DESTROYER AND SCOUT BOAT SENT TO BOTTOM

Berlin Claims Germans Suffered No Loss—Both Lowestoft and Yarmouth Were Bombarded—Four Persons Were Killed, Twelve Wounded and Considerable Material Damage Done—Another Zeppelin Raid Was Made on England Tuesday Night—Except in the Vosges Mountains Only Artillery Actions Are Reported in France.

Both Lowestoft and Yarmouth were bombed by the German cruiser squadron which attacked the eastern coast of England Tuesday. Four persons were killed and twelve wounded in the attack and considerable material damage was done.

Berlin reports that in this raid the steamer King Stephen was sunk and her crew captured and also that a destroyer and scout boat were sunk and a cruiser set on fire. The Germans suffered no loss. Great Britain has acknowledged that two cruisers and a destroyer were hit, but says no vessel was sunk. It was the King Stephen which recently refused to give aid to the crew of the Zeppelin L-19, while the airship was adrift in the North Sea.

A report from Berlin also says that there was another engagement between German and British war craft off the coast of Flanders Tuesday, in which a British destroyer was damaged and an auxiliary steamer sunk, the crew of the latter being made prisoners.

London, Colchester, Blackwater and Ramsgate and other English towns and a large British supply depot at

TO RAISE \$200,000 FOR WORLD CONFERENCE OF CHURCHES

Effort to be Made to Get President Wilson's Approval.

Garden City, N. Y., April 26.—A plan to raise \$200,000 to organize a movement to hold a world conference of churches after the close of the European war was announced here today by the Rev. Frederick Lynch of New York city in an address before the Conference of the World Alliance of Churches for the Promotion of International Friendship.

A delegation from the Alliance left today for Washington, hoping to obtain President Wilson's approval of the project. Lynch stated that the money desired is virtually available and it was reported that Andrew Carnegie might subscribe a major portion of the fund.

Simon E. Baldwin, former Governor of Connecticut, who presided at the meeting tonight, expressed the belief that within ten years "nothing would be more probable than that the nations will meet and take a surer and larger step in favor of government by government and government over government. He said the events of the last two years had been terrible and revolutionary and that wars are impending in the world which will eventually lead toward greater co-operation and greater collaboration in government than ever before.

EMPEROR WILLIAM WILL AVOID TROUBLE WITH U. S.

Associated Press Learns That Developments for Settlement Are Impending.

Berlin, April 26. (By Wireless to The Associated Press from a Staff Correspondent.)—The Associated Press learns that developments are impending which demonstrate unmistakably the desire of Emperor William to follow a course which will lead Germany and the United States out of the present crisis. The situation is viewed more optimistically here.

Ammonitors that are still maintaining silence, following his latest conference with Chancellor Von Bethmann-Hollweg, but The Associated Press has been able to obtain information from other sources indicating that the outlook has improved.

The latest indications are that the German reply to the American note may not be delivered until next week.

HOUSE DEMOCRATS SPLIT ON PHILIPPINE BILL

Vigorous Opposition to Measure Endorsed by President Wilson.

Washington, April 26.—House democrats in caucus tonight were unable to agree upon the Philippine independence bill, notwithstanding a letter from President Wilson unequivocally endorsing the measure as it passed the senate. The division of opinion among the democrats was intensified until tomorrow night at the suggestion of Speaker Clark, who advised his colleagues to take further time to think over the matter.

Such vigorous opposition to the bill developed in the caucus that even some of its supporters admitted afterward that its fate was doubtful.

Movement of Steamships.

Ponta Delgada, April 25.—Arrived: steamer Cretic, New York for Naples. Naples, April 17.—Sailed: steamer Caserta, New York.

Falmouth, April 25.—Sailed: steamer Noordam (from Rotterdam) New York.

Coffee and Sugar Exchange.

New York, April 26.—The members of the New York coffee exchange today voted to change the name of the institution to the New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange. The exchange has been dealing in sugar since shortly after the outbreak of the war.

Cabled Paragraphs

Sir Roger Casement in Tower of London.

London, April 27, 2:25 a. m.—Sir Roger Casement is now a prisoner in the Tower of London. He was removed there Tuesday from Brixton jail.

DELAIED REPORT RECEIVED FROM GENERAL PERSHING

Gives Names of Soldiers Killed as Saddler R. A. Raw and Private Barshes.

San Antonio, Texas, April 26.—The two American soldiers killed in the engagement between Colonel Dodd's force and a band of Villa men on April 22 were: Saddler R. A. Raw and Private Barshes of Troop H. This information came to Major General Funston in a delayed report today.

The report was from General Pershing. It included mention of an engagement April 20 between American forces under Colonel Erwin and Villa troops at Cocomarac. Four Mexicans reported mortally wounded in the affair.

YARMOUTH WAS BOMBARDED AS WELL AS LOWESTOFT

Heavy Guns of German Ships Did Relatively Small Damage.

London, April 26, 4:27 p. m.—Yarmouth was bombed as well as Lowestoft, by the German warships which attacked the eastern coast yesterday. Four persons were killed and twelve wounded.

The bombardment of Lowestoft and Yarmouth yesterday morning began at 4:10 o'clock and lasted about half an hour. Despite the heavy guns employed by the enemy ships, the damage was relatively slight. A convalescent home, a swimming bath, the pier and forty dwelling houses were extensively damaged. Some 200 dwelling houses were slightly damaged.

Two men, one woman and one child were killed. Three persons were seriously wounded and nine slightly wounded.

"Fire was opened on Great Yarmouth at the same time. The damage was one large building seriously damaged by fire and another building slightly damaged by shell fire."

RECEPTION IN WHITE HOUSE FOR DAUGHTERS OF 1812

300 Members in Annual Convention in Washington—Officers Elected.

Washington, April 26.—Three hundred members of the United Daughters of 1812, in annual convention here, were welcomed today by President and Mrs. Wilson in the East Room of the White House. The delegation was headed by Mrs. Robert Hall Willes, of Chicago, president of the society.

The convention closed tonight with a business session at which the constitution of the society was revised. Resolutions were adopted endorsing national preparedness and the project to erect a memorial in Washington to Clara Barton.

SHOT AND KILLED HIS OPPOSING COUNSEL

Outcome of a Taxpayers' Suit at Nashville, Tenn.

Nashville, Tenn., April 26.—Charles C. Frabrie shot and killed Harry S. Stokes, Jr., today. They had been opposing counsel in the so-called "taxpayers' suit" involving the investigation of city affairs. Mr. Stokes was chief counsel for the tax payers since the investigation began last summer. Mr. Frabrie was recently employed as special counsel to represent the city. The shooting took place in Stokes' office.

AGAINST ABOLISHMENT OF CAPITAL PUNISHMENT

Massachusetts Senate Turns Down Gov. McCall's Recommendation.

Boston, April 26.—Governor McCall's recommendation that capital punishment be abolished was rejected in a special message to the legislature, was rejected today by the senate. The senate voted 19 to 10 to refer the subject to the people. The vote was 17 to 4.

LANSING RECEIVES REPORT FROM AMBASSADOR GERARD

Would Say Nothing About It Except That It Was Brief.

Washington, April 26.—Secretary Lansing announced today that he had received from Ambassador Gerard a report of his conference with Bethmann-Hollweg, the foreign chancellor, and that it was brief.

"I can say nothing about it," was Secretary Lansing's only comment.

THANKED FOR RETURN OF BODIES OF SPANISH SAILORS

Who Were Killed During the Spanish American War.

Washington, April 26.—Ambassador Evans called on President Wilson today and thanked him for the return to Spain of the bodies of Spanish soldiers and sailors who died in the United States during the Spanish-American War.

OBITUARY

Daniel P. Toomey.

Orange, N. J., April 26.—Daniel P. Toomey, publisher of The Columbian, died at his home in East Orange today. He was born in Ireland in 1862. He was widely known to Irishmen throughout the United States. In 1890 he was elected to the common council of Boston and in 1892 became a member of the Massachusetts legislature. He came here about ten years ago.

London, April 26, 4:05 p. m.—The American embassy has received no instructions from Washington concerning any preliminary steps for the turning over of German and Turkish interests to other hands in case of the severance of diplomatic relations with Germany.

Discuss Plans to Make Dye-stuffs

WORKING IT OUT TO MEET INDUSTRIAL DEMANDS.

MANY STUDIES MADE

Speakers at Opening Session of National Association of Cotton Manufacturers Tell How Industry Might be Reconstructed.

Boston, April 26.—The problem of reconstructing the dye-stuffs industry in this country to insure regular supply for the textile trade is near solution, according to speakers at the opening session of the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers today.

Can Be Worked Out.

Edward S. Chapin, of this city, commissioned by the association to study the conditions caused by the war reported his belief that the situation could be worked out domestically to the satisfaction of all industrial demands.

"The great needs of the past year," he stated, "have been responsible for bringing to light many studies on the use of mordants and dyestuffs that would otherwise probably never have been published or practically tried out."

Dyeing Methods Complicated.

"It has been proved conclusively that the natural dyestuffs can and should be used for many purposes, hitherto not dreamed of, with profit to the industry. Dyeing methods have been complicated and elaborated which give, on the various forms of cotton, in modern dyeing machinery, with the use of natural dyestuffs, a pleasing and practicable diversity of shades."

Coal Tar Industry.

"The erection of a comprehensive coal tar industry insuring the country forever against any such calamitous happening as the present, is a thorough and desirable proposition," Mr. Chapin added.

Herman A. Metz, of New York, discussing the German government's announced release of 15,000 tons of dyestuffs for this country, said there were still difficulties, in the form of a British permit for transportation, and the obtaining of American ships to carry the cargo, in the way of early delivery.

CONTROL OF INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE CO.

Has Been Acquired by the American International Corporation.

New York, April 26.—Control of the International Mercantile Marine company, commonly known at the time of the release of 15,000 tons of dyestuffs for this country, as the "shipping trust," and now in the hands of a receiver, has been acquired by the American International Corporation, it was authoritatively learned today.

The American International Corporation, a \$50,000,000 organization formed by the National City Bank and allied interests a few months ago, has for its main object the promotion of American trade in foreign fields. The shipping line, which was purchased by the company from the Southern Pacific Company early in the present year, the ship line is operated by the White Star, Red Star, Dominion and Leyland lines, the English flag and by the American and Atlantic Transport Lines under the American flag. These lines are controlled by the company through stock ownership.

STRANGE DISAPPEARANCE OF A TORRINGTON MAN

Family Believes William Kirkwood Has Committed Suicide.

Torrington, Conn., April 26.—Search is being made here for the body of William Kirkwood of Torrington who strangely disappeared from his home between Saturday morning and 6 o'clock Sunday morning. He had been suffering with melancholia. He is an expert pattern maker and has a wife and baby. He took no money or clothing other than those he wore. The woods, lakes and ponds are being searched. Police of Torrington have been notified. Description of him is: Age 39; height 5 feet 2 inches; weight 154; light hair, smooth face; blue eyes; wore blue coat, dark trousers, blue sweater, black shoes, light colored soft hat with light band. His family relatives here and in Waterbury.

\$30,000 FACTORY FIRE AT NEW HAVEN

Blaze Discovered by an Early Morning Arrival—Origin Unknown.

New Haven, Conn., April 26.—The factory of the Rattan Manufacturing company on State and Wall streets, makers of rattan goods, was partially burned today, causing a loss estimated at \$30,000. The fire is believed to have started during the night or early morning from an unknown cause as when the doors were opened by an early arrival today a part of the interior was found to be charred. One man was injured, as only a few workmen entered the place.

DARTMOUTH ENCOURAGES MILITARY TRAINING

Credit Toward a Degree for Undergraduates Attending Summer Camps

Hanover, N. H., April 26.—The faculty of Dartmouth College has recommended to the board of trustees that credit toward a degree be given undergraduates attending military instruction to the college curriculum. The trustees, however, have sanctioned the activities of a student battalion.

Bad teeth and bad tonsils may be the cause of rheumatism?

Instructions Sent General Scott

TO ARRANGE FOR CO-OPERATION WITH MEXICAN FORCES.

DRAWN BY SEC'Y BAKER

To Settle Questions of Military Dispositions as Best Suited to Put an End to Operations of Bandits Along the Border.

Washington, April 26.—General instructions for the assistance of Major General Hugh L. Scott at his forthcoming conference with Carranza's war minister, General Obregon, were drafted by Secretary Baker today after conference with President Wilson and with Secretary Lansing of the state department. General Obregon was due at Eagle Pass tonight, but no definite word has been received from him as to the time and place of the meeting. The instructions will reach General Scott in ample time.

The only official statement as to the nature of the instructions was the following issued by Secretary Baker:

Instructions Sent General Scott.

"The instructions are to discuss a basis for the most cordial and complete co-operation between the American and Mexican forces in the attainment of their common object."

May Influence Diplomatic Relations.

While the immediate object of the conference is, as stated, a question of military dispositions to put an end to bandit operations along the border, there is no doubt that its result will have strong influence upon the diplomatic negotiations between the two governments.

American Troops to Act as Buffer.

Suggestions of the conference would receive attention both here and in Mexico City. It is considered certain that General Obregon will carry back to Mexico City on his return a definite impression that the American troops will remain in the positions which General Funston now is shifting them as a buffer between the disturbed areas of northern Mexico and the border until the success of Carranza forces pursuing the bandits removes the danger of further raids on American towns. It is also virtually certain that the intention of the American forces to police thoroughly all the territory in the immediate vicinity of their advanced bases will be made clear.

FOR UNITED ACTION OF LUSITANIA SURVIVORS.

To Formulate Plans to Present Claims Against German Government.

New York, April 26.—Charges that German agents had sought to shift responsibility for the sinking of the Lusitania to the Cunard Steamship company, by attempting to persuade survivors to sue the owners of the liner for damages on the ground of negligence, were made at a meeting here today of persons who were passengers on the ill-starred vessel. Joseph L. Myers and James L. Sullivan, who had been approached by a lawyer, now under indictment for alleged violation of the neutrality laws, and told that if they were to sue the Cunard Steamship company, they would receive \$50,000. They would receive the money, whether or not they won their cases.

There is no doubt that the claim against the German government is as clear as any diplomatic claim can be," he said. "The only question is how it is to be pushed. The American claims should be hurried to a settlement so that they will be preserved in case we get into trouble with Germany."

Committee of lawyers was appointed to call a meeting of the legal representatives of all survivors on the ground of negligence, and to advise them to prepare for united action. They will report to the survivors on Monday.

BOUNTIFUL REQUESTS OF PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

Made By Miss Martha A. Andrews, Who Died Feb. 5 in New York.

New York, April 26.—Miss Martha A. Andrews, member of an old New York family, who died here February 5, bequeathed the bulk of her estate, valued at \$1,150,000, to religious, educational and charitable institutions, most of which are in this city. Bequests of \$50,000 each were made to the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute in Alabama and the Hampton Normal and Agricultural Institute in Virginia.

The state executive committee of the Young Men's Christian Association, the Board of Foreign Missions of the Presbyterian Church in America and the board of home missions of the Presbyterian Church in America each were bequeathed \$50,000.

INDIANA DEMOCRATS HAVE NOMINATED THOMAS TAGGART

For the Short Term in the United States Senate.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 26.—Indiana democrats in their convention today nominated Senator Thomas Taggart for the short term in the United States senate, ratified the nomination in the March primary of Senator John W. Kern for the long term and Representative John A. M. Adair for governor, nominated a state ticket, adopted a platform and named four delegates at large to the national convention and presidential electors.

Senator Taggart's nomination was by acclamation. In a short address the senator declared that he was "for peace, but peace with honor."

Unpasteurized milk frequently spreads disease?

Condensed Telegrams

About 75 per cent. of the new German war loan has been paid in.

Howard Gardner Cushing, portrait painter, died suddenly in New York.

New York city is fast replacing Paris as the world's pearl distributing center.

Considerable damage has been caused by floods in the Republic of Ontario.

Six hundred longshoremen employed at Staten Island piers went on strike for more pay.

Several ships have been stopped and examined by the British patrol in the Gulf of Mexico.

Treasury officials estimate that the federal tax collections this year will reach \$106,000,000.

The Swedish-American liner Stockholm arrived at New York from Sweden with 546 passengers.

One hundred and fifty employees in the color department of the American Print Works, went on strike.

Col. Roosevelt, whose name was not on the ballot, ran second to Senator Cummins in the Iowa primaries.

Exports of merchandise from the Port of New York for the week ended April 22 were valued at \$37,648,818.

An invention which may do away with conning towers on submarines has been patented by Simon Lake.

Carrying a large cargo of mail and 155 passengers, the steamship Chicago sailed from New York for Bordeaux.

Regular river freight service between St. Louis and New Orleans has been resumed after a lapse of 20 years.

The Midvale Steel & Ordnance Co. has made its initial shipment of rifles on its \$60,000,000 contract with Great Britain.

Telegraph service with the northern and western provinces of China, recently interrupted by a typhoon, has been resumed.

Many persons were killed, according to reports from St. Petersburg, when a large German powder plant blew up at Dedeagatch.

Telegraph companies doubled their Washington forces to handle the large number of "peace messages" being sent to the capital.

James H. Van Buren, former sheriff of Rensselaer county, was struck and killed by a New York Central train at Castleton, N. Y.

Unfavorable weather conditions are giving many of the Great Lakes freighters, making their first trips of the season, much difficulty.

National parks and forest reserves would be made "dry" by bill favorably reported to the senate by the public lands committee.

Eight hundred New York members of the Royal Arcanum from all parts of the State gathered at Binghamton, N. Y., in their annual convention.

State troopers arrested 36 I. W. W.'s at Boston Settlement, near Wilkes-Barre, Pa., following a strike at the Pennsylvania Coal Co. colliery.

Pittsburgh militia were ordered to be prepared to mobilize in case they should be called to the coal mines to preserve order in the strike zone.

Mayor Mitchell, of New York, issued a request for all citizens to display the American flag on May 12, the day of the Citizens' Preparedness Parade.

A masked bandit entered the Copper State Bank of Bingham Canyon, Utah, bound the cashier and locked him in a vault, and escaped with \$5,000.

Fifty soldiers from the 10th Infantry were ordered from Fort Liscomb, Anchorage, Alaska, to guard the Government railway terminal there during the strike.

Hermidas Saulnier interrupted his trial at Lawrence, Mass., on a charge of having murdered Henry H. Whittier at Bradford, by pleading guilty to manslaughter.

John A. Patten, president of the Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., died at a Chicago hospital following an operation for intestinal trouble.

According to a dispatch from Los Angeles the Triangle Film Corporation, the Famous Players' Corporation, and the Jesse L. Lasky Feature Play Co. have been merged.

Cassius A. Pratt, 67, a wealthy resident of Milton, Vt., for many years, was killed when he was struck by a shifting freight train on the tracks of the Central Vermont railroad.

Herman Leblang, proprietor of a billiard room at 136 E. Broadway, New York city, was beaten and robbed of \$25 by a negro who had answered a "help wanted" advertisement.

Peter J. Smith, of Cleveland, convicted in the dynamite conspiracy case at Indianapolis, was released from the United States penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan., because of illness.

Enthusiastic fans who engage in the "cushion fight" at the Chicago National League Park will be arrested hereafter, several persons having been struck and injured by the cushions.

The strike of employees of the National Conduit and Cable Company at Hastings on Hudson, N. Y., which has been marked by rioting and the calling out of the militia was settled yesterday.

Quarterly big gun practice will be held at Fort Hamilton this morning. Three guns will be fired to warn residents of Bay Ridge to open all windows to prevent their being broken by the vibrations.

Algeron B. Corbin, 50, widely known among the older generation of Yale men, as photographer of the Yale crews, football, baseball and other athletic teams, dropped dead on the street in New Haven.

An official statement has been issued by the Peruvian Government accusing Secretary McAdoo and the International High Commission of discourtesy in abruptly leaving Peru on rumors of bubonic plague, after a reception had been arranged for them.

British Regulars Now in Dublin

HAVE RECAPTURED POSITIONS FROM INSURRECTIONISTS.

MARTIAL LAW IN FORCE

Outside of Dublin All is Tranquil—Proclamation Issued Declaring the Revolutionists Will Be Dealt With by Military Courts.

London, April 26.—British regulars from Belfast and England are now in Dublin and have recaptured from the revolutionary forces several important centers which the members of the Sinn Fein party and their adherents had occupied. These include St. Stephen's Green and the Royal Mall.

Martial Law Proclaimed.

As a measure of precaution martial law has been proclaimed in the city and county of Dublin and the official announcement of the drastic steps are being taken to suppress the movement in Ireland and arrest all those responsible for it.

Heavy Hand for Offenders.

That the government intends to deal with the offenders with a heavy hand is indicated by the publication of a proclamation in the official Gazette tonight, suspending in Ireland Section 1 of the defense of the realm amendment act of 1915, which gives to a British subject charged with an offense under the act the right to be tried in a civil court.

Special Military Emergency.

The proclamation recited that "the present state of affairs in Ireland is such as to constitute a special military emergency" and that in the event of an invasion or other special military emergency arising out of the present war the operation of Section 1 may be suspended either generally or in a specified area.

Premier Asquith, in the house of commons and Lord Lansdowne, in the house of lords, made reassuring statements this afternoon, respecting the situation in Ireland.

Outside of Dublin, said the premier, the country is tranquil.

CORDON OF TROOPS AROUND THE CENTER OF DUBLIN

Attack on Dublin Castle Monday Was Half-hearted.

London, April 26, 6:15 p. m.—In the course of a statement in the house of lords this afternoon Lord Lansdowne said that the rebels in Dublin Monday on Dublin Castle, which was now a complete cordon of troops around the center of Dublin, he added, the casualties at Dublin, according to Lord Lansdowne's statement, were 15 killed and 21 wounded, besides two loyal volunteers and two police-women and six loyal volunteers wounded.

MRS. IDA SNIFFEN ROGERS ADJUDGED NOT GUILTY

New York Woman Who Killed Her Two Children Declared Insane.

New York, April 26.—The jury in the case of Ida Sniffen Rogers, who was charged with the murder of her two children, brought in a verdict today of not guilty on the grounds of insanity.

Mrs. Ida Sniffen Rogers, who poisoned her two children on December 29, 1914, was given her freedom in a supreme court here today after a jury had acquitted her of the murder of her two year old son, John. The verdict was "not guilty on the ground of insanity." After the verdict was returned the court dismissed upon motion of the district attorney's office, another indictment charging her with the murder of her daughter, Loida, eight months old.

Mrs. Rogers collapsed when the foreman of the jury announced the verdict. She quickly recovered her composure, however, and the court room with the man who is now her husband and who was the father of her children.

"We are going away somewhere where there are flowers," Rogers replied when asked their plans.

"On the first trial, the jury stood nine for acquittal, two for conviction, and one undecided. Decision was reached on the third ballot.

RHODE ISLAND ENDORSES WILSON'S ADMINISTRATION

Ten Delegates to National Convention Chosen by State Convention.

Providence, R. I., April 26.—President Wilson's administration, especially in the matter of foreign relations, was endorsed today by the democratic state convention, which delegates to the national convention, the ten delegates chosen, all favorable to the renomination of the president, were.

Francis E. Sullivan, chairman of the democratic state committee; P. H. Quinn, national committeeman; George W. Green, former congressman; Peter G. Garry, James H. Higgins, former governor; Theodore Francis Greene, Mayor Joseph H. Gainer, of Providence; William H. Thomas, Owen F. Gallagher and Mortimer A. Gallagher and Mortimer A. Sullivan.

INTERMOUNTAIN RATE CASE NOW BEFORE I. C. COMMISSION

Arguments Made by Counsel for Roads and for Petitioners.

Washington, April 26.—The re-opened intermountain rate case now is before the Interstate Commerce Commission for decision. Hearings began Monday ended today with the testimony of half a dozen volunteer witnesses who said they did not want any change in rates and brief arguments by counsel.

Counsel for petitioners contended in their argument that they had shown the non-existence of water competition with the railroads in coast to coast traffic. From this basis they argued that there was no longer justification for continuing through railroad rates to favored ports, granted in abruptly leaving Peru on rumors of bubonic plague, after a reception had been arranged for them.

Moderation in all things prolongs life! The careless splitter is a public danger.